AUDITING PROCEDURES REPORT

sauod under P	A. 2 of 196												
Local Gover	mment Tyr		X	Village		Other	Local Govern	nment Name	CLINTON		County	LENAW	EE
Audit Date				Opinion					intant Report Sub	milted to State:			
MARCH	31, 20	05			PR	IL 29	, 2005		AUG	UST 23, 20	005		
prepared <i>Reporting</i> Departme We affirm	In accor Format ant of Tre that:	dand for asur	SB W Fina ry.	ith the ancial	Stat	tements	s of the Go for Count	overnmental ies and Lo	rnment and re Accounting S cal Units of o	Standards Bo Government	ard (GASB) In Michigar) and the	ne Unifo
2. We a	re certifie	ed p	ublic	accour	ntar	nts regis	stered to pr	actice In Mi	chigan.				
We furthe the report								een disclos	ed in the finar	ncial stateme	nts, includir	ng the n	otes, or
You must	check th	e ap	plica	able bo	x fo	r each i	ltem below.						
yes	X no	1.	Cert	ain con	npo	nent un	its/funds/aç	gencies of t	he local unit a	re excluded <u>f</u>	rom the fina	ancial s	statemen
yes	X no					cumulat 275 of		in one or	more of this	unit's unres	erved fund	baland	æs/retalr
yes	X no	3.		re are 8, as ar			of non-com	pliance wit	h the Uniform	Accounting	and Budge	ting Ac	t (P.A. 2
yes	yes X no 4. The local unit has violated the conditions of either an order issued under the Municipal Finance Acorditions of either an order issued under the Emergency Municipal Loan Act.												
yes	X no	5.	. The local unit holds deposits/investments which do not comply with statutory requirements. (P.A. 20 of 1943, as amended [MCL 129.91], or P.A. 55 of 1982, as amended [MCL 38.1132]).										
yes	X no	 The local unit has been delinquent in distributing tax revenues that were collected for another taxing unit. 											
yes x no 7. The local unit has violated the Constitutional requirement (Article 9, Section 24) to fund current year earned pension benefits (normal costs) in the current year. If the plan is more than 100% funded and the overfunding credits are more than the normal cost requirement, no contributions are due (paduring the year).													
yes x no 8. The local unit uses credit cards and has not adopted an applicable policy as required by P.A. 266 1995 (MCL 129.241).													
yes	X no	9.	The	local u	ınit	has not	t adopted a	n Investme	nt pollcy as re	quired by P.A	. 196 of 19	97 (MC	L 129.9
We hav	e enclo	sed	the	follov	vin	g:				Enclosed	To Be Forwarde	d	Not Required
The lette	r of com	men	ts ar	nd reco	mm	endatio	ns.						X
Reports	on Indivi	dual	fede	eral fina	anci	al assis	tance prog	rams (progi	ram audits).				х
Single A	udit Rep	orts	(ASI	_GU).									Х
	Public Ac						С.						
Street Ad	idress NORTI	H M	AIN	STRE	E.P	7			City	AN	State MI	ZIP 4	9221
Accounte	ant Signat	yy 6	1	D	<u>,,</u>								

VILLAGE OF CLINTON, MICHIGAN FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2005

WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Year Ended March 31, 2005

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

For the Year Ended March 31, 2005

As management of the Village of Clinton, Michigan, we offer readers of the Village of Clinton, Michigan's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Village of Clinton, Michigan for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2005. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here.

Financial Highlights

- ♦ The assets of the Village of Clinton, Michigan exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year \$12,498,016 (net assets). Of this amount, \$1,866,544 (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- ♦ The government's total net assets increased \$671,023. This increase is attributable to \$1,000,000 in bequests received from the John F. Robison Estate.
- ♦ As of the close of the current year, the Village of Clinton, Michigan's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$3,441,152, an increase of \$810,765 in comparison with the prior year.
- ♦ At the end of the current year, unreserved fund balance for the general fund was \$574,262, or 68.5% percent of total general fund expenditures.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Village of Clinton, Michigan's basic financial statements. The Village of Clinton, Michigan's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Village of Clinton, Michigan's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the Village of Clinton, Michigan's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Village of Clinton, Michigan is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation and sick leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Village of Clinton, Michigan that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the Village of Clinton, Michigan include general government, public safety, highways and streets, sanitation, and culture and recreation. The business-type activities of the Village of Clinton, Michigan include the utility systems.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the Village of Clinton, Michigan itself (known as the *primary government*), but also a legally separate Downtown Development Authority (DDA) for which the Village of Clinton, Michigan is financially accountable. Financial information for this *component unit* is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 5-8 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Village of Clinton, Michigan, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Village of Clinton, Michigan can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The Village of Clinton, Michigan maintains ten individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, capital projects fund, and permanent funds, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other six governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

The Village of Clinton, Michigan adopts an annual appropriated budget for all funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for all governmental funds (except the permanent funds) to demonstrate compliance with budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 9 - 15 of this report.

Proprietary funds. The Village of Clinton, Michigan maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Village of Clinton, Michigan uses enterprise funds to account for its electric, water, and sewer funds. The Internal service fund is an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the Village of Clinton, Michigan's various functions. The Village of Clinton, Michigan uses an internal service fund to account for equipment and charge out expense (Equipment Fund). Because this service predominantly benefits governmental rather than a business-type function it has been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Electric, Water, and Sewer Funds, which are considered to be major funds of the Village of Clinton, Michigan. The internal service fund (Equipment Fund) is in the proprietary fund financial statements.

The basic fund financial statements can be found on pages 16 - 20 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 21 - 42 of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented immediately following notes to the financing statements. Combining statements and individual fund schedules can be found on pages 43 - 51 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Village of Clinton, Michigan, assets exceeded liabilities by \$12,498,016 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

By far the largest portion of the Village of Clinton, Michigan's net assets (56 percent) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, equipment, infrastructure), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The Village of Clinton, Michigan uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the Village of Clinton, Michigan's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Village of Clinton, Michigan's Net Assets

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$ 3,378,907 3,186,301	\$ 2,336,307 4,235,128	\$ 5,715,214 7,421,429
Total assets	\$ 6,565,208	<u>\$ 6,571,435</u>	\$ 13,136,643
Long term liabilities outstanding Other liabilities	\$ 380,000 123,098	\$ 135,529	\$ 380,000 258,627
Total liabilities	\$ 503,098	\$ 135,529	\$ 638,627
Net assets: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 2,791,301 2,698,193 572,616	\$ 4,235,128 906,850 1,293,928	\$ 7,026,429 3,605,043 1,866,544
Total net assets	\$ 6,062,110	<u>\$ 6,435,906</u>	\$ 12,498,016

An additional portion of the Village of Clinton, Michigan's net assets (29 percent) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net assets (\$1,866,544) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Village of Clinton, Michigan is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net assets, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities. The same situation held true for the prior fiscal year.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the Village of Clinton, Michigan uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the Village of Clinton, Michigan's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Village of Clinton, Michigan's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of this fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Village of Clinton, Michigan's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$3,441,152, an increase of \$810,765 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 5.4% of this amount (\$187,815) is committed to capital projects. Reserved fund balance (\$2,489,768) is not available for new spending since it already is committed. Permanent (Trusts) fund money (\$2,486,617) represent most of the reserved fund balance. Special Revenue Funds have \$165,490 available for their special uses.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the Village of Clinton, Michigan. At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance of the general fund was \$574,262.

The fund balance of the Village of Clinton, Michigan's general fund increased by \$132,462 during the current fiscal year. A key factor in this increase was general fund revenues were up 4.5% from prior year while expenditures were relatively constant.

Proprietary fund - The Village of Clinton, Michigan's proprietary fund provides the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net assets of the utility funds at the end of the year amounted to \$1,293,928. The total increase in net assets for the fund was \$316,683.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The following budget highlights noted:

- ♦ \$8,670 change in truck and equipment repairs and supplies were funded from fund reserves.
- \$2,300 change in professional services for building inspections of new homes were funded from increased building inspection fees.
- \$5,000 change in professional services for the Park Master Plan was funded from fund reserves.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The Village of Clinton, Michigan's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of March 31, 2005, amounts to \$7,421,429 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and utility systems, machinery and equipment, roads, and other infrastructure. The total increase in the Village of Clinton, Michigan's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was 9.4% (a 2.2% increase for governmental activities and a 7.2 percent increase for business-type activities).

Major capital asset event during the current fiscal year was:

◆ Construction on water and sewer line extensions (\$457,236).

Village of Clinton, Michigan's Capital Assets

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Business-type Activities	Total
Land Land improvements Buildings Equipment and furnishings Infrastructure Construction in progress	\$ 170,152 368,120 444,934 553,110 1,481,288 	\$ 30,644 4,204,484	\$ 200,796 368,120 444,934 553,110 5,685,772 168,697
Total	<u>\$ 3,186,301</u>	\$ 4,235,128	\$ 7,421,429

Additional information on the Village of Clinton's capital assets can be found in Note 3. C. on pages 31

Long-term debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the Village of Clinton, Michigan had total bonded and note debt outstanding of \$589,000 which is backed by the full faith and credit of the government.

Village of Clinton, Michigan's Outstanding Debt General Obligation Bonds

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>	<u>DDA</u>	Total
General obligation bonds Note payable	\$ 395,000	\$ 130,000 64,000	\$ 525,000 64,000
Total	\$ 395,000	\$ 194,000	\$ 589,000

Additional information on the Village of Clinton, Michigan's long-term debt can be found in Note 3. E. on pages 34 - 35 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The budget for the coming year reflects more cuts in State Revenue Sharing while other general fund revenues are expected to be similar to prior year.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Village of Clinton, Michigan's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Village of Clinton, 119 East Michigan Avenue, P.O. Box Drawer E, Clinton, Michigan 49236.



April 29, 2005

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Village Council Village of Clinton Clinton, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Clinton, Michigan, as of and for the year ended March 31, 2005, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Village of Clinton, Michigan's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Clinton, Michigan, as of March 31, 2005, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As described in Note 1, the Village has implemented a new financial reporting model, as required by the provisions of GASB Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments, as of April 1, 2004.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated April 29, 2005 on our consideration of Village of Clinton, Michigan's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

Page 2

April 29, 2005

Village Council Village of Clinton Clinton, Michigan

The management's discussion and analysis on pages i through vi are is a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Village of Clinton, Michigan's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Robertson, Eaton & Owen, P.C.



April 29, 2005

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Village Council Village of Clinton Clinton, Michigan

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Clinton, Michigan, as of and for the year ended March 31, 2005, which collectively comprise the Village of Clinton, Michigan's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated April 29, 2005. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Village of Clinton, Michigan's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Page 2

April 29, 2005

Village Council Village of Clinton Clinton, Michigan

COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Village of Clinton, Michigan's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the management of Village of Clinton, Michigan, Departments of the State of Michigan, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Robertson, Eaton & Owen, P.C.

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

March 31, 2005

COMPONENT UNIT	Downtown Development <u>Authority</u>	\$ 102,645	604	2,963		269,000	(69,933)	\$ 305,279
	Total	\$ 1,010,450 3,389,406	393,906 40,3 <i>57</i>	44,828	19,470 816,797	200,796 552,180 2,686,611 5,708,597	7,355,659 (8,751,106) 168,697	\$ 13,136,643
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	Business-Type <u>Activities</u>	\$ 361,808 856,768	356,454 18,182 (138,000)	44,828	19,470 816,797	30,644 1,235,994	3,449,170 (4,534,847)	\$ 6,571,435
P	Governmental <u>Activities</u>	\$ 648,642 2,532,638	37,452 22,175 138,000			170,152 552,180 1,450,617	1,194,423 3,906,489 (4,216,259) 168,697	\$ 6,565,208
		ASSETS Cash Investments Receivables (net of allowance	for uncollectibles): Accounts Prepaid expenses Internal balances	Due from primary government Inventories	Restricted assets: Cash Investments in joint venture Capital assets:	Land Land improvements Machinery; equipment; and furnishings	Buildings Infrastructure Less: Accumulated depreciation Construction in progress	Total assets

COMPONENT UNIT	Downtown Development <u>Authority</u>	5,045	32,000 162,000	199,045	\$ 5,067	\$ 106,234
	Total	\$ 50,997 20,924 19,470 2,963 6,280	58,463 380,000	638,627	\$ 7,026,429 816,797 90,053 96,299 17,769 51,422 151 151 19,118 1,278,821 1,278,821 1,234,613	\$ 12,498,016
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	Business-Type <u>Activities</u>	\$ 27,202 12,911 19,470 75,946		135,529	\$ 4,235,128 816,797 90,053	\$ 6,435,906
I d	Governmental <u>Activities</u>	\$ 23,795 8,013 2,963 6,280 23,584	58,463 380,00 <u>0</u>	503,098	\$ 2,791,301 96,299 17,769 51,422 151 19,118 1,278,821 1,234,613	\$ 6,062,110
		Accounts payable Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Liabilities payable from restricted assets Due to component unit Interest payable Accrued sick and vacation pay – current	Noncurrent liabilities: Due within one year Due in more than one year	Total liabilities	NET ASSETS: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for: Investment in joint venture (Note 7) Water Treatment Plant Highways and streets Public safety Culture and recreation Debt Service Capital Projects Permanent Funds: Expendable Nonexpendable	Unrestricted Total net assets

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended March 31, 2005

			PROGRAM REVEN	UES
	<u>Expenses</u>	Charges For <u>Services</u>	Operating Grants And Contributions	Capital Grants And <u>Contributions</u>
Functions/Programs				
Primary Government:				
Governmental activities:				•
General government	\$ 307,756	\$ 31,106	\$	\$
Public safety	532,367	119,011	31,916	
Culture and recreation	131,583	21,520		500,000
Sanitation	83,095	79,455		
Highways and streets	414,495			
Interest on long term debt	15,109			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Total governmental activities	1,484,405	251,092	31,916	500,000
Business-Type Activities:				
Electric Fund	2,395,087	2,594,346		
Water Fund	204,783	159,487		
Sewer Fund	603,007	470,586		
	0001007			
Total business-type activities	3,202,877	3,224,419		
Total primary government	<u>\$ 4,687,282</u>	\$ 3,475,511	\$ 31,916	\$ 500,000
Component Unit:				
Downtown Development Authority	\$	\$	\$	\$
Interest on long term debt	Ψ	Ψ	Ψ	Ψ
morest on long term door				
Total component unit	<u>s </u>	<u>s </u>	\$	\$

General Revenues:

Property taxes
Intergovernmental – State
Licenses, fees, and fines
Contributions not restricted to specific programs
Investment earnings
Miscellaneous revenues

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net assets

Net assets - beginning of year

Net assets - end of year

NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

	PRIMARY GOVERNM	1ENT	COMPONENT UNIT
Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Business-Type <u>Activities</u>	<u>Total</u>	Downtown <u>Development Authority</u>
\$ (276,650) (381,440) 389,937 (3,640)	\$	\$ (276,650) (381,440) 389,937 (3,640)	\$
(414,495) (15,109)		(414,495) (15,109)	
(701,397)		(701,397)	
 \$(701,397)	199,259 (45,296) (132,421) 21,542 \$	199,259 (45,296) (132,421) 21,542 \$ 679,855	<u> </u>
\$	\$	\$	\$ (9,258) (13,024)
<u>\$</u>	\$	\$	<u>\$ (22,282)</u>
\$ 659,174 366,815 12,693	\$	\$ 659,174 366,815 12,693	\$ 75,877
500,000 48,961 32,877	26,950 4,091	500,000 75,911 36,968	707
(248,100)	264,100	16,000	(16,000)
1,372,420	295,141	1,667,561	60,584
671,023	316,683	987,706	38,302
5,391,087	6,119,223	11,510,310	67,932
\$ 6,062,110	\$ 6,435,906	<u>\$ 12,498,016</u>	\$ 106,234

BALANCE SHEET

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

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	Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>	\$ 598,078 2,532,638	37,235 5,301 138,000 22,175 168.697	\$ 3,502,124		\$ 21,231 7,893 5,301 2,963 23,584	60,972	151 138,000 1,096,613 1,255,004	574,262 165,490 187,815 23,817	3,441,152	\$ 3,502,124
	Other Governmental <u>Funds</u>	\$ 145,473	15,479 4,754 8,618	\$ 174,324		\$ 4,872 1,434 2,377	8,683	151	165,490	165,641	\$ 174,324
T FUNDS	John F. Robison <u>Tate Park</u>	\$ 1,255,004		\$ 1,255,004		(A		1,255,004		1,255,004	\$ 1,255,004
PERMANENT FUNDS	Village of Clinton Robison Trust	\$ 1,120,430	000'881	\$ 1,258,430		И		138,000 1,096,613	23,817	1,258,430	\$ 1.258,430
	Capital <u>Projects</u>	\$ 19,665	168,697	\$ 188,362		547	547		187,815	187,815	\$ 188,362
	General	\$ 432,940 157,204	21,756 547 13,557	\$ 626,004		\$ 16,359 6,459 2,377 2,963 23,584	51,742		574,262	574,262	\$ 626,004
	ASSETS	Cash Investments at cost	Receivables: Accounts Due from other funds Advance to other funds Prepaid expense Construction in progress	Total assets	LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to other funds Due to component unit Accrued sick and vacation pay	Total liabilities	Fund Balances: Reserved For: Debt service Advance Endowment Tate Park	Unreserved, Reported In: General Fund Special Revenue Funds Capital Projects Fund Permanent Funds	Total fund balances	Total liabilities and fund balances

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The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

March 31, 2005

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. Note: Construction in progress is in the Governmental Funds (in Capital Projects Fund) of \$168,697.	\$ 3,017,604
Accrued interest payable on long term debt is recognized in governmental funds when paid and not when accrued.	(6,280)
Long-term portion of accrued sick and vacation pay liability are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	(43,463)
Loan indebtedness are recognized in the governmental funds when paid and not when accrued.	(395,000)
Internal Service Fund (Equipment Fund) is used by the Village to charge for equipment rental to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the Equipment Fund are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets. Note: The net capital assets (\$269,949) of the Equipment Fund are included in the Capital	
Asset figure above (\$3,017,604), and not in this adjustment.	48,097
Net differences	2,620,958
Total fund balance in governmental funds	3,441,152
Total net assets of governmental activities	\$ 6,062,110

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended March 31, 2005

			PERMANE	PERMANENT FUNDS		
	General	Capital Projects	Village of Clinton Robison Trust	John F. Robison Tate Park	Other Governmental <u>Funds</u>	Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>
Revenues: Property taxes Intergovernmental revenues Licenses, fees and charges for services	\$ 610,113 248,978 163,305	vs	∽	4	\$ 49,061 149,753 14,050	\$ 659,174 398,731 177,355
Rentals Interest Other	9,330 10,907 23,313	82	37,227	36,604	7,470 2,058 9,564	16,800 86,878 32,877
Townships Contributions Realized gain (loss) on investment Unrealized gain (loss) on investment			500,000 (2,132) (14,851)	\$00,000 (2,457) (18,477)	69,630	69,630 1,000,000 (4,589) (33,328)
Total revenues	1,065,946	82	520,244	515,670	301,586	2,403,528
Expenditures: Current:						
General government Public safety Culture and recession	286,237 375,671		2,951	2,943	137,281	292,131 512,952
Sanitation Highways and streets	44,208 83,095 48,030				175,773	83,095 83,095 223,803
Debt Service: Principal Interest					15,000	15,000
Total expenditures	837,241		2,951	2,943	416,528	1,259,663
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	228,705	82	517,293	512,727	(114,942)	1,143,865
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in Transfers out	547	(349,647)			132,790	133,337
Total other financing sources (uses)	(96,243)	(349,647)		1	112,790	(333,100)
Net change in fund balance	132,462	(349,565)	517,293	512,727	(2,152)	810,765
Fund balances at beginning of year	441,800	537,380	741,137	742,277	167,793	2,630,387
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 574,262	\$ 187,815	\$ 1,258,430	\$ 1,255,004	\$ 165,641	\$ 3,441,152

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended March 31, 2005

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because: Net change in fund balance – total governmental funds \$ \$ 810,765 Government funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays was less than depreciation in the current period. (Total depreciation \$245,168 less total capital outlays \$28,687). Note: Capital outlay does not include Equipment Fund capital asset additions or its depreciation. (216,481)This issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. This amount is the net effect of these assets. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt. Debt incurred during current year Less: Principal repayment 15,000 15,000 Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds -Accrued interest - net 181 Accrued long-term sick and vacation pay - net effect (270)Internal Service Fund (Equipment Fund) is used by the Village to charge equipment rental to individual funds. The net income of this activity is reported with governmental activities. 61,828 Change in net assets in governmental activities

671,023

GENERAL FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget -	
	Original	<u>Final</u>	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:					
Property taxes	\$ 572,000	\$ 572,000	\$ 610,113	\$ 38,113	
Intergovernmental revenue	173,350	173,350	248,978	75,628	
Licenses, fees and charges					
for services	132,900	132,900	163,305	30,405	
Rentals	8,750	8,750	9,330	580	
Interest	5,000	5,000	10,907	5,907	
Other	38,000	38,000	23,313	(14,687)	
Total revenues	930,000	930,000	1,065,946	135,946	
Expenditures:					
General Government:					
Council	16,100	16,100	11,659	4,441	
Administration	98,230	98,230	95,801	2,429	
Election	2,250	2,250	4	2,246	
Buildings and grounds	140,990	140,990	140,179	811	
Planning Commission	33,550	33,550	10,639	22,911	
Professional service	10,000	10,000	9,784	216	
Insurance	23,000	23,000	18,171	4,829	
Total General Government	324,120	324,120	286,237	37,883	
Public Safety:					
Police Department	371,160	371,160	359,041	12,119	
Building and zoning inspection	13,090	15,390	16,630	(1,240)	
Total Public Safety	384,250	386,550	375,671	10,879	
Highways and Streets:					
Street lighting	45,000	45,000	46,015	(1,015)	
Sidewalk	2,000	2,000	2,015	(15)	
Total Highways and Streets	47,000	47,000	48,030	(1,030)	
Sanitation:					
Waste collection and disposal	80,000	80,000	83,095	(3,095)	
Culture - Recreation:					
Parks	31,550	36,550	44,208	(7,658)	
Total expenditures	866,920	874,220	837,241	36,979	

GENERAL FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	Actual Amounts	Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Excess of revenues over expenditures	\$ 63,080	\$55,780	\$ 228,705	<u>\$ 172,925</u>
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in Transfers out	(112,410)	(121,080)	547 (96,790)	547
Total other financing sources (uses)	(112,410)	(121,080)	(96,243)	24,837
Net change in fund balance	(49,330)	(65,300)	132,462	197,762
Fund balance – beginning of year			441,800	
Fund balance - end of year			\$_574,262	

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted	Variance with Final Budget -		
	Original	<u>Final</u>	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)
Revenues: Interest	\$	\$	\$ 82	\$82
	φ	<u> </u>		
Total revenues			82	82
Expenditures: Capital outlay:				
Highways and streets	33,790	33,790		33,790
Professional fess	5,000	5,000		5,000
Total expenditures	38,790	38,790		38,790
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(38,790)	(38,790)	82	38,872
Other financing uses:				
Transfers out			(349,647)	(349,647)
Net change in fund balance	(38,790)	(38,790)	(349,565)	(310,775)
Fund balance – beginning of year			537,380	
Fund balance – end of year			<u>\$ 187,815</u>	

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

March 31, 2005

			s-Type Activity erprise Funds		Governmental Activity Internal Service Fund
	Electric <u>Fund</u>	Water <u>Fund</u>	Sewer <u>Fund</u>	Totals (Memorandum Only)	Equipment Fund
ASSETS					
Current assets:					
Cash and cash	0 007.055	0.5.660	6 50.004	0 241.000	0 50564
equivalents	\$ 207,255	\$ 95,669	\$ 58,884	\$ 361,808	\$ 50,564
Investments	673,108	53,774	129,886	856,768	
Receivables:	201.654	14.425	44.040	250 120	
Accounts Accrued interest	291,654	14,425 885	44,049 1,323	350,128	217
Prepaid expenses and	4,118	003	1,323	6,326	217
other assets	10,198	3,370	4,614	18,182	
Inventories	44,828	5,570	4,014	44,828	
Inventories	44,020			44,020	
Total current assets	1,231,161	168,123	238,756	1,638,040	50,781
Noncurrent assets: Restricted assets:					
Cash	16,820	610	2,040	19,470	
Investment in joint venture	816,797		-	816,797	
Capital assets:					
Land	17,495	3,000	10,149	30,644	
Buildings	490,113	73,715	3,490,339	4,054,167	
Utility systems	1,663,143	1,028,925	757,102	3,449,170	
Equipment/trucks	1,031,615	115,015	89,364	1,235,994	893,820
Less: Accumulated	, ,	,	, ,	,,	,
depreciation	(2,178,806)	(529,553)	(1,826,488)	(4,534,847)	(623,871)
Total capital assets - net	1,023,560	691,102	2,520,466	4,235,128	269,949
Total, noncurrent assets	1,857,177	691,712	2,522,506	5,071,395	269,949
Total assets	\$ 3,088,338	<u>\$ 859,835</u>	\$ 2,761,262	\$ 6,709,435	\$ 320,730

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

March 31, 2005

			ss-Type Activity erprise Funds		Governmental Activity Internal Service Fund
	Electric <u>Fund</u>	Water <u>Fund</u>	Sewer <u>Fund</u>	Totals (Memorandum Only)	Equipment Fund
LIABILITIES:					
Current liabilities:	\$ 2.848	\$ 15.254	\$ 9.100	\$ 27,202	\$ 2.564
Accounts payable	-,	\$ 15,254 604	- ,		\$ 2,564 120
Accrued expenses	10,088		2,219	12,911	120
Due to other funds		44,160	93,840	138,000	
Total current liabilities	12,936	60,018	105,159	178,113	2,684
Current liabilities payable from restricted assets: Customer deposits	16,820	610	2,040	19,470	
Customer deposits	10,020	010	2,040	19,470	-
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Accrued leave	42,223	8,628	25,095	75,946	
Total liabilities	71,979	69,256	132,294	273,529	2,684
Net assets:					
Invested in capital assets,	1 022 560	(01.100	2 520 466	4 22 7 4 2 2	***
net of related debt	1,023,560	691,102	2,520,466	4,235,128	269,949
Restricted in joint venture Reserved for water	816,797			816,797	
		00.052		00.052	
treatment plant Unrestricted	1 176 002	90,053	100 503	90,053	40.00
Onrestricted	1,176,002	9,424	108,502	1,293,928	48,097
Total net assets	\$ 3,016,359	\$ 790,579	\$ 2,628,968	\$ 6,435,906	\$ 318,046

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

		Busines: Ente	s-Type Activity prise Funds		Governmental Activity - Internal Service Fund
	Electric <u>Fund</u>	Water <u>Fund</u>	Sewer <u>Fund</u>	Totals (Memorandum Only)	Equipment Fund
Operating revenues: Metered sales	\$ 2,549,961	\$ 149,364	\$ 409,482	\$ 3,108,807	\$
Penalties and service charges Miscellaneous Rentals	38,670 5,715	6,737 3,386	10,747 50,357	56,154 59,458	2,910 85,440
Total operating revenues	2,594,346	159,487	470,586	3,224,419	88,350
Operating expenses: Light plant Purchased power Administrative Electric distribution system Water distribution Collection system	57,049 1,761,407 190,666 307,186	65,040 106,219	71,832 28,813	57,049 1,761,407 327,538 307,186 106,219 28,813	
Sewer treatment plant Depreciation Professional services Equipment operation	78,779	31,634	255,995 86,015 156,335	255,995 196,428 156,335	57,065
and maintenance					55,240
Total operating expenses	2,395,087	202,893	598,990	3,196,970	112,305
Operating income (loss)	199,259	(43,406)	(128,404)	27,449	(23,955)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses): Income from joint venture Interest income Interest expense	4,091 17,469	3,372 (1,890)	6,109 (4,017)	4,091 26,950 (5,907)	783
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	21,560	1,482	2,092	25,134	783
Income (loss) before transfers	220,819	(41,924)	(126,312)	52,583	(23,172)
Transfers in Transfers out	(85,000)	138,831	210,269	349,100 (85,000)	85,000
Change in net assets	135,819	96,907	83,957	316,683	61,828
Total net assets – beginning of year	2,880,540	693,672	2,545,011	6,119,223	256,218
Total net assets - end of year	\$ 3,016,359	\$ 790,579	\$ 2,628,968	\$ 6,435,906	\$ 318,046

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended March 31, 2005

DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

			ss-Type Activity hterprise Funds		Governmental Activity Internal Service Fund
	Electric <u>Fund</u>	Water <u>Fund</u>	Sewer <u>Fund</u>	Totals (Memorandum Only)	Equipment Fund
Cash flows from operating activities:					
Cash received from customers	\$ 2,594,385	\$ 160,377	\$ 471,203	\$ 3,225,965	\$ 88,350
Cash paid to suppliers/ employees	_(2,468,834)	(162,606)	(511,099)	(3,142,539)	(54,378)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	125,551	(2,229)	(39,896)	83,426	33,972
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: Transfer to Equipment	(85,000)			(85,000)	85,000
Fund Transfer from Capital Projects	(83,000)	138,831	210,269	349,100	
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities	(85,000)	138,831	210,269	264,100	85,000
Cash flows from investing activities: Capital expenditures Interest received Interest expense	(77,803) 13,351	(141,109) 2,487 (1,890)	(316,128) 4,786 (4,017)	(535,040) 20,624 (5,907)	(121,619) 566
Net cash used by investing activities	(64,452)	(140,512)	(315,359)	(520,323)	(121,053)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(23,901)	(3,910)	(144,986)	(172,797)	(2,081)
Cash and cash equivalents – beginning of year	921,084	153,963	335,796	1,410,843	52,645
Cash and cash equivalent – end of year	\$ 897,183	<u>\$ 150,053</u>	\$ 190,810	\$ 1,238,046	\$ 50,564

Change in investment in joint venture (\$4,091) is a noncash transaction and does not effect cash flow in Electric Fund.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For Fiscal Year Ended March 31, 2005

RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES

		Business-Type Activity Enterprise Funds			Governmental Activity - Internal Service Fund
	Electr <u>Func</u>		Sewer <u>Fund</u>	Totals (Memorandum Only)	Equipment Fund
Operating income (loss)	\$ 199,2	\$ (43,406)	\$ (128,404)	\$ 27,449	\$ (23,955)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:					
Depreciation	78,7	779 31,634	86,015	196,428	57,065
(Increase) decrease in:					
Customer receivables		39 880	577	1,496	
Prepaid expenses	5,4	53 1,468	2,347	9,268	122
Increase (decrease) in:					
Accrued expenses and					
other liabilities	(157,0	20) 11,414	7,914	(137,692)	740
Accrued leave	(9	59) (389)	(225)	(1,573)	
Customer deposits		10	40	50	
Due to other funds		(3,840)	(8,160)	(12,000)	
Net cash provided by (used					
in) operating activities	<u>\$ 125,5</u>	<u>\$ (2,229)</u>	<u>\$ (39,896</u>)	<u>\$ 83,426</u>	\$ 33,972

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2005

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Village of Clinton, Michigan (Village) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units

Effective April 1, 2004, the Village of Clinton, Michigan implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments. Significant changes in the statement include the following:

- A Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) section providing an analysis of the Village's overall financial position and results of operations has been included with the financial statements.
- Financial statements prepared using full accrual accounting for all of the Village's activities.
- A change in the fund financial statements to focus on the major fund.

These and other changes are reflected in the accompanying financial statements (including notes to financial statements). The Village of Clinton, Michigan has elected to implement the general provisions of the statement.

A. Reporting Entity

The Village of Clinton is a Michigan Municipal Corporation governed by the Village Council. The accompanying financial statements present the government and its component unit, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. The discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements (see note below for description) to emphasize that it is legally separate from the government.

Discretely presented component unit.

Downtown Development Authority (DDA) was created as a separate legal entity under Public Act 197 of 1975 of the State of Michigan. The purpose of the DDA is to plan and develop the downtown area of the Village and to attract new businesses and residents. The governing body of DDA is appointed by the Village Council for a fixed term. The Village approves the annual budget and any capital projects of DDA. Prior approval by the Village is needed on any taxation by DDA. And, the Village's approval is needed for any borrowing done by DDA. The Downtown Development Authority is presented as a governmental fund type.

Separate financial statements for the component unit are not available.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2005

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. Government-wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of changes in net assets) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component unit. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from the legally separate component unit for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and permanent funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual utility funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting and financial statement presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

Amounts due from other governments and services provided associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2005

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital projects other than those financed by proprietary funds or trust funds.

Permanent Funds – The Village of Clinton Robison Trust Fund is a Nonexpendable Trust Fund in which the principal may not be expended. The John f. Robison Tate Park Trust Fund is a Trust Fund in which the resources, both principal and interest, may be expended. See Notes 8 and 9 for further details on these Trusts.

The government reports the following major proprietary funds:

The *Electric Fund* accounts for the activities of the Village's electric distribution operations.

The Water Fund accounts for the acquisition, operation, and maintenance of the Village's water system.

The Sewer Fund accounts for the acquisition, operation, and maintenance of the Village's sewer system.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:

The *Debt Service Fund* accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of the governmental funds.

Special Revenue Funds (Major Street, Local Street, Community Center Fund, Fire Fund, and Softball Program)) are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

The *Internal Service Fund* (Equipment Fund) is used to account for equipment acquisition, maintenance and operation, and provides equipment rental to other funds or departments of the Village.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the *option* of the following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities (utility and motor vehicle funds), subject to this same limitation. The Village has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments of utility charges between the Village's water and sewer function and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various function concerned.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2005

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Amounts reported as *program revenues* included 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary Funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the utility funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for the funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Village's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

E. Assets, liabilities, and net assets or equity.

1. Cash and investments

Cash includes amounts in cash on hand, demand deposits, except those deposits noted as investments (see below), as well as short-term investments with a maturity date within three months of the date acquired by the government.

Investments include money market and certificates of deposit where the intent is to hold funds long-term, as well as investments with maturity dates over three months of the date acquired by the government.

State statutes authorize the government to invest in Obligations of the U.S. Treasury, Federal Agencies, commercial paper, corporate bonds, repurchase agreements, and State approved Investment Pools.

Investments are stated at cost or amortized cost. The Village Council will use amortized cost only when it reflects fair value of the investment. Currently, no investments are stated at amortized cost.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2005

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2. Receivables and payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources. The Village had advances from the Village of Clinton Robison Trust to the Water and Sewer Funds.

Personal property taxes receivable is shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles.

Property taxes are levied as of July 1 on property values assessed as of the prior December 1. The billing is mailed on July 1 and is considered due upon receipt by the taxpayer; however, the actual due date is September 14. A lien on property occurs when property taxes are levied (July 1). On September 14, the bill becomes delinquent and penalties and interest may be assessed by the government.

The Village had a general tax millage of 9.70 for 2004. The Village's maximum allowable millage is 12 mills. It also levied 0.78 mills for the Smith-Kimball Community Center.

Also, the Village levies a tax on certain properties for the Downtown Development Authority.

Delinquent real property taxes are turned over to the County and reimbursed through a revolving fund. Therefore, property taxes receivable are not accounted for under the 60 day rule.

3. Inventories and prepaid items

All inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIF0) method.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

4. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, building, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., road, storm sewers and utility systems) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2005

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Property, buildings, and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component unit, is depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Land improvements	30
Buildings	15 - 16
Machinery, equipment,	
and furnishings	10 - 20
Utility systems	20 - 60
Infrastructure	20 - 30

5. Compensated absences

The current portion of the liability for accumulated sick, personal, vacation, and compensated time vested is shown in the relative governmental funds. The total (current and long-term portions) are shown in the Proprietary Funds and in the government-wide statements.

6. Long-term obligations

In the governmental-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize any bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2005

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

7. Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose.

NOTE 2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary information

The accounting basis used by the Village for budgeting is in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP).

The Village follows the budgetary procedures outlined by the State of Michigan including public hearings and proper adoption. All funds of the Village have a budget. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end. The budgets are amended during the year as needed.

B. Excess of expenditures over appropriations in budgetary funds

P.A. 621 of 1978, Section 18(1), as amended, of the State of Michigan provides that a local governmental unit shall not incur expenditures in excess of the amount appropriated.

In the body of the financial statements, the Village 's actual expenditures and budgeted expenditures for the budgetary funds have been shown on an activity basis. The approved budgets of the Village for these budgetary funds were adopted to the activity level.

During the year ended March 31, 2005, the Village incurred expenditures in the governmental funds which were in excess of the amounts appropriated, as follows:

<u>Fund</u>	Appropriations	Amount of Expenditures	Budget <u>Variance</u>
General Fund			
Building and zoning inspection	\$ 15,390	\$ 16,630	\$ 1,240
Street lighting	45,000	46,015	1,015
Sidewalks	2,000	2,015	15
Waste collection and disposal	80,000	83,095	3,095
Parks	36,550	44,208	7,658
Major Street	,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,,,,,
Winter maintenance	9,940	13,317	3,377
Local Street	,	,	5,577
Winter maintenance	9,940	13,169	3,229

These additional expenditures were funded by greater than anticipated revenues.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2005

NOTE 3. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Deposits and investments

Primary Government

At year end, bank deposits amounted to \$1,109,570. Of this amount \$200,000 was covered by Federal Depository Insurance and \$909,570 was uninsured and uncollateralized. At certain times of the year, especially when property taxes are being collected, the Village's uncollateralized deposits increase significantly; as a result, the amounts of uncollateralized deposits at those times were higher. All deposits are with banks located in Michigan as required by statutes.

At year end, bank balances, net of checks written but not cleared, as recorded in the financial statements were \$1,010,450. Of that amount, \$125,942 was in cash and checking; and \$884,508 in the 'J Fund' account. Such accounts are authorized by statutes.

Component Unit

Deposits. The component unit had deposits with a carrying value and bank balance of \$102,645 at year end. This account is part of the J Fund with Comerica Bank.

Primary Government

The Village had investments with carrying value and bank balance of \$3,389,406 at year end of which \$300,000 is covered by Federal Depository Insurance.

Ralance

Investments consist of:

Certificates of Deposit	Maturity Date	Interest Rate	March 31, 2005
General Fund	5/22/05	1.39%	\$ 49,656
General Fund	7/24/05	3.65	107,548
Electric Fund	7/24/05	3.65	268,870
Sewer Fund		2.04	22,338
Sewer Fund	7/24/05	3.65	107,548
Water Fund	7/24/05	3.65	53,774
Money Market			
Electric Fund	-	1.76	204,238
Electric Fund	-	2.62	200,000
Managed Accounts at United Bank & Trust		Current Yield	
Village of Clinton Robison Trust John F. Robison Tate Park		3.85% 3.76	1,120,430 1,255,004
			\$ 3,389,406

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2005

NOTE 3. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

B. Receivables

Receivables as of year end for the government's individual major and nonmajor funds, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	General	Major Streets	Local Streets	Community <u>Center</u>
Receivables:				
Taxes	\$ 16,603	\$	\$	\$ 1,260
Accounts				
Special assessments	2,416			
Intergovernmental		10,081	3,637	
Accrued interest	2,737	347		154
Gross receivables	21,756	10,428	3,637	1,414
Less: Allowance for				
uncollectibles		-		
Net total				
receivables	<u>\$ 21,756</u>	\$ 10,428	\$ 3,637	\$ 1,414

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2005

Electric <u>Fund</u>	Water <u>Fund</u>	Sewer <u>Fund</u>	Equipment <u>Fund</u>	<u>Total</u>	Component Unit - DDA
\$ 291,654	\$ 14,425	\$ 44,049	\$	\$ 17,863 350,128 2,416	\$ 171
4,118	885	1,323	217	13,718 9,781	433
295,772	15,310	45,372	217	393,906	604
					
\$ 295,772	\$ 15,310	\$ 45,372	<u>\$ 217</u>	\$ 393,906	\$ 604

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2005

NOTE 3. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

C. Capital assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended March 31, 2005 was as follows:

Primary Government

	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 170,152	\$	\$	\$ 170,152
Construction in progress	499,647	18,150	(349,100)	168,697
Total capital assets,				
not being depreciated	669,799	18,150	(349,100)	338,849
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Land improvements	552,180			552,180
Buildings	1,135,775	18,650		1,154,425
Equipment, machinery, and	,	-,-		1,15 1,125
furnishings	1,319,051	131,566		1,450,617
Infrastructure	3,906,489			3,906,489
Total capital assets,				
being depreciated	6,913,495	150,216		7,063,711
Less: Accumulated depreciation for:				
Land improvements	(165,654)	(18,406)		(184,060)
Buildings	(686,588)	(22,903)		(709,491)
Equipment, machinery, and	` , ,	(,)		(705,451)
furnishings	(812,888)	(84,619)		(897,507)
Infrastructure	(2,248,896)	(176,305)		(2,425,201)
Total accumulated				
depreciation	(3,914,026)	(302,233)	-	(4,216,259)
Total capital assets, being				
depreciated, net	2,999,469	(152,017)		2,847,452
Governmental activities, capital				
assets - net	\$ 3,669,268	\$ (133,867)	\$ (349,100)	\$ 3,186,301

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2005

NOTE 3. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending <u>Balance</u>
Business-type activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land	\$ 30,644	\$	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 30,644
Capital assets, being depreciated: Utility systems	8,204,291	535,040		8,739,331
Total capital assets, being depreciated	8,204,291	535,040		8,739,331
Less: Accumulated depreciation for: Utility systems	(4,338,419)	(196,428)		(4,534,847)
Total accumulated depreciation	(4,338,419)	(196,428)		(4,534,847)
Total capital assets, being depreciated – net	3,865,872	338,612		4,204,484
Business-type activities, capital assets – net	\$ 3,896,516	\$ 338,612	<u>\$</u>	\$ 4,235,128

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities: General government Public safety Culture and recreation Highways and streets	\$ 19,809 43,009 39,665 199,750
Total depreciation expense – governmental activities	\$ 302,233
Business-type activities: Utility systems	<u>\$ 196,428</u>
Total depreciation expense – business-type activities	<u>\$ 196,428</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2005

NOTE 3. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Discretely presented component unit:

Capital asset activity for the Downtown Development Authority (DDA) for the year ended March 31, 2005 was as follows:

	Beginning <u>Balance</u> <u>Increases</u>		Decreases	Ending <u>Balance</u>
Capital assets, being depreciated: Land improvements	\$ 269,000	\$	\$	\$ 269,000
Less: Accumulated depreciation for:				
Land improvements	(60,966)	(8,967)		(69,933)
DDA capital assets - net	\$ 208,034	\$ (8,967)	\$	\$ 199,067

D. Interfund receivables, payables, and transfers

Primary Government

Due to/from other funds:

<u>Fund</u>	Interfund <u>Receivable</u>	<u>Fund</u>	Interfund <u>Payable</u>
General Major Street Local Street	\$ 547 2,377 	Storm Water Local Street General	\$ 547 2,377 2,377
Total Advance to/from other funds:	\$ 5,301		\$ 5,301
Village of Clinton Robison Trust	\$ 138,000	Sewer Fund Water Fund	\$ 93,840 44,160
Total	<u>\$ 138,000</u>		<u>\$ 138,000</u>

Due to/from primary government and component unit:

Receivable Entity		Payable Entity	
Downtown Development Authority (Component Unit)	\$ 2,963	General Fund (Drimory, Covernment)	¢ 2.072
rathority (component onit)	\mathfrak{g} 2,903	General Fund (Primary Government)	\$ 2,963

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2005

NOTE 3. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Interfund transfers:

					Transfers In			
Transfers out:	General	Local Street	Debt Service	Fire <u>Fund</u>	Water <u>Fund</u>	Sewer <u>Fund</u>	Equipment <u>Fund</u>	Total
Capital projects General Major Street Downtown Develop-	\$ 547	\$ 20,000 20,000	\$ 14,290	\$ 62,500	\$ 138,831	\$ 210,269	\$	\$ 349,647 96,790 20,000
ment Authority Electric			16,000				85,000	16,000 85,000
Total	<u>\$_547</u>	\$_40,000	\$ 30,290	\$ 62,500	\$ 138,831	\$ 210,269	\$ 85,000	\$ 567,437

E. Long-term debt

The following is a summary of long-term debt transactions of the Village for the year ended March 31, 2005:

	Primary Government <u>Bond Issue</u>	DDA Note <u>Payable</u>	DDA Bond Issue	Accrued Employee <u>Benefits</u>	<u>Total</u>
Long-term debt at March 31, 2004	\$ 410,000	\$ 74,000	\$ 148,000	\$ 143,559	\$ 775,559
Principal payment Decrease in accrued employee benefits	(15,000)		(18,000)	(566)	(33,000)
Long term note payable – United Bank & Trust		(10,000)		(566)	(566)
Long-term debt at March 31, 2005	\$ 395,000	\$ 64,000	\$ 130,000	<u>\$ 142,993</u>	<u>\$ 731,993</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2005

NOTE 3. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

The Schedule of Indebtedness is as follows:

	Interest	Date of	Amount of Annual	Principal Outstanding March 31,	
Description	Rate	Maturity	Maturity	<u>2005</u>	<u>2004</u>
Primary Government					
•			\$ 15,000		
General Obligation			to		
Amount of Issue \$410,000	7%	5/1/2019	\$ 35,000	\$ 395,000	\$ 410,000
Component Unit					
Special Revenue Downtown			\$ 6,000		
Development Authority			to		
Amount of Issue \$195,000	6.25%	5/1/2009	\$ 30,000	\$ 130,000	\$ 148,000
Component Unit					
Special Revenue Downtown			\$ 8,000		
Development Authority			to		
Amount of Note \$100,000	6.19%	11/01/2009	\$ 12,000	\$ 64,000	<u>\$ 74,000</u>

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds and contract purchase are as follows:

	Governmen	Governmental Activities		Component Unit - DDA		
Year Ending March 31,	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	<u>Principal</u>	Interest		
2006	\$ 15,000	\$ 14,848	\$ 32,000	\$ 11,201		
2007	15,000	14,390	33,000	9,166		
2008	20,000	13,837	36,000	7,007		
2009	20,000	13,188	41,000	4,599		
2010 2014	130,000	53,193	52,000	2,033		
2015 - 2019	160,000	25,331	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	_,==		
2020	35,000	788				
	<u>\$ 395,000</u>	<u>\$ 135,575</u>	<u>\$194,000</u>	\$ 34,006		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2005

NOTE 3. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

F. Advance (loan) to other funds

The Village of Clinton Robison Trust has loaned money to the Water Fund (\$44,160) and Sewer Fund (\$93,840). The promissory note with the Village states annual payments on principal will be made by November 1, and interest at 4.5% will be paid each May 1 and November 1. The final payment on the note is due January 15, 2014.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for this loan are as follows:

Business-Type Activities

	Wate	r Fund	Sewer Fund		
Year Ending March 31,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	
2006	\$ 4,160	\$ 1,988	\$ 8,840	\$ 4,222	
2007	4,160	1,800	8,840	3,826	
2008	4,480	1,612	9,520	3,428	
2009	4,800	1,412	10,200	2,998	
2010 - 2014	26,560	3,688	56,440	7,834	
	<u>\$ 44,160</u>	\$ 10,500	\$ 93,840	\$_22,308	

NOTE 4. PROPERTY LIABILITY, UNEMPLOYMENT, AND WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION INSURANCE COVERAGE

The Village is a member of the Michigan Township Participating Plan for insuring its properties and for general liability.

The Village is a member of the Municipal Unemployment Compensation Group Account under the Michigan Municipal League for unemployment coverage.

Workers' Compensation coverage is under the Michigan Municipal League Workers' Compensation Fund.

Any contingent liabilities under these arrangements are not known.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2005

NOTE 5. OTHER INFORMATION

Retirement Plan

A. Plan Description

The Village contributes to the Michigan Municipal Employees' Retirement System (MERS), an agent multiemployer defined benefit pension plan, which provides retirement benefits to all full-time employees of the Village. MERS is administered by its Board of Trustees. The actuary for the System is Gabriel, Roeder, Smith & Company. The Municipal Employees' Retirement Act of 1984, as amended by 1996 Public Act 220 of the State of Michigan, assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions of the plans that participate in MERS to the respective employer entities; for the Village of Clinton, that authority rests with the Village. The Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Michigan issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for MERS. That report may be obtained by writing to Municipal Employees Retirement System of Michigan, 447 North Canal Road, Lansing, Michigan 48917.

B. Funding Policy

Employees make contributions under the plan. The Village is required to contribute the actuarially determined amount each year.

C. Annual Pension Cost

For the year ended March 31, 2005, the Village's required annual pension contribution was zero. The required contribution was determined as part of the December 31, 2002 actuarial valuation using the entry age actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions included -

- [a] 8.0% investment rate of return,
- [b] projected salary increases of 4.5% per year compounded annually,
- [c] the assumption that benefits will increase between 1.0% to 2.5% per year (annually) after retirement.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2005

NOTE 5. OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

The actuarial value of MERS' assets was determined using techniques that smooth the effects of short term volatility in the market value of investments over a five year period.

Actuarial Accrued Liability (as of 12/31/03)

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits Terminated employees not yet receiving benefits	\$ 467,879 130,225
Current employees Accumulated employee contributions including	, , ,
allocated investment income	76,996
Employer financed	1,605,059
Total Actuarial Accrued Liability	2,280,159
Net Assets Available for Benefits at Actuarial Value	2,200,887
(Market Value is \$2,009,647)	
Unfunded (Overfunded) Actuarial Accrued Liability	\$ 79,272

Three Year Trend Information

Fiscal Year Ending	Annual Pension Cost (APC)	Percentage of APC <u>Contributed</u>	Net Pension Obligation
March 31, 2003	\$ -0-	100%	0
March 31, 2004	-0-	100%	0
March 31, 2005	10,416	100%	0

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2005

NOTE 5. OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Entry Age	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) [b-a]	Funded Ratio [a/b]	Covered Payroll [c]	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
12/31/99	\$ 1,605,998	\$ 1,490,972	\$ (115,026)	108	\$ 639,277	-0-
12/31/00	1,747,024	1,695,354	(51,670)	103	636,397	-0-
12/31/01	1,874,502	1,684,799	(189,703)	111	621,918	-0-
12/31/02	1,976,140	1,836,659	(139,481)	108	698,097	-0-
12/31/03	2,200,887	2,280,159	79,272	97	727,524	11

NOTE 6. DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The Village provides its employees a Deferred Compensation Plan, created in accordance with the Internal Revenue Code Section 457, that is administered by the ITT Hartford Insurance Group. The Plan, available to all employees, permits them to defer a portion of their current salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to the employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency.

Under the deferred compensation plan, all assets and income of the plan are held in trust for the exclusive benefit of participants and their beneficiaries.

NOTE 7. JOINT VENTURE - MICHIGAN SOUTH CENTRAL POWER AGENCY

The Village is a member municipality of the Michigan South Central Power Agency. The Michigan South Central Power Agency (the "Agency") is a public body politic and corporate of the State of Michigan organized on March 21, 1978, under the authority of Michigan Public Act 448 of 1976 (the "Act"), to supply electricity to member municipalities in South Central Michigan. The Act provides that the Agency will establish rates and charges so as to produce revenues sufficient to cover its costs (excluding depreciation and amortization expense) including debt service, but it may not operate its projects for profit, except insofar as any such profit will inure to the benefit of the public. Each member municipality appoints one member to the Board of the Agency. The member municipalities and their percentage shares are as follows:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2005

NOTE 7. JOINT VENTURE - MICHIGAN SOUTH CENTRAL POWER AGENCY (Continued)

Municipality	Percentage Share
Clinton	6.5
Coldwater	40.0
Hillsdale	25.5
Marshall	24.0
Union City	4.0
	100.0

Each member is a municipal corporation, organized under the laws of the State of Michigan, which owns and operates a municipal electric system. The member municipalities presently supply their customers with power and energy generated from the Agency's Project I and from the municipalities' existing generating facilities and also with power purchased from other utility companies.

Each of the member municipalities entered into (a) a Power Sales Contract with the Agency for the supply of power and energy from the Agency, and (b) a Substation Agreement with the Agency for services provided by the Agency to the member municipality with respect to substation facilities; both of these agreements will remain in effect as long as the Power Supply System Revenue Refunding Bonds, 1994, 1992, 1991, and 1986 Series are outstanding. Each member municipality also entered into an Economic Dispatch Agreement with the Agency providing for the dispatch by the Agency of power and energy from certain existing generating facilities of the member municipalities on an economic basis. The Power Sales Contracts between the Agency and the member municipalities require the Agency to provide, and the member municipalities to purchase from the Agency, all of the members' bulk power supply, as defined in the contracts. Each member is obligated to pay its share of the Agency's operating and debt service costs of Project I. The Substation Agreements require the Agency to provide, and the municipalities to purchase, services of the municipalities' substation facilities for transmission, transformation, and delivery of electric power and energy from the Agency to the municipalities. Under the Economic Dispatch Agreement, the member municipalities are required to sell to the Agency power generated by their facilities, defined as dedicated capacity.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2005

NOTE 7. JOINT VENTURE - MICHIGAN SOUTH CENTRAL POWER AGENCY (Continued)

Michigan South Central Power Agency's revenue bonds outstanding are as follows:

		June 30
	<u>2004</u>	<u>2003</u>
1992 Series – 3.50% to 5.90% Serial Bonds, maturing annually on November 1, 1997 to 2006	\$ 21,605,000	\$ 28,045,000
1994 Series – 7.00% Term bonds, due November 1, 2011	8,385,000	8,385,000
2000 Series – 6.00% Serial Bonds, maturing annually on May 1, 2010 to 2012	6,475,000	6,475,000
2002 Series – 5.00% Serial Bonds, maturing annually on November 21, 2008 to 2011	31,190,000	31,190,000
2003 Series – 4.08% Bonds, maturing annually on November 1, 2004 to 2010	2,072,283	
Total outstanding debt	\$ 69,727,283	\$ 74,095,000

These are revenue bonds secured by pledges of revenues earned, as well as assets in funds established by bond resolution

A summary of financial information on Michigan South Central Power Agency at June 30, 2004 and 2003 follows:

	<u>2004</u>	<u>2003</u>
Total assets	\$ 85,109,361	\$ 88,706,034
Total liabilities	72,543,249	76,202,861
Net assets	12,566,112	12,503,173
Operating revenues	36,757,645	36,118,189
Operating expenses	28,941,742	28,327,136
Income from operations	7,815,903	7,791,053
Investment and miscellaneous income	1,581,952	830,926
Interest and amortization expense	(5,044,406)	(5,803,853)
Other expense	(3,681,913)	(3,221,045)
Capital contributions and extraordinary item		(4,972,275)
Change in net assets	62,939	4,569,356

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2005

NOTE 8. VILLAGE OF CLINTON - ROBISON TRUST

The Village has created a trust funded by unrestricted gifts from the Estate of John F. Robison (\$1,234,613). It is the intent of the Village that all gifts to this trust will be held as endowments with the principal invested permanently and the investment income to be used for the benefit of the Village of Clinton.

NOTE 9. JOHN R. ROBISON TATE PART TRUST

This trust has been created by the Village to provide a legal entity for handling the restricted gifts from the Estate of John F. Robison (\$1,234,613). The donor has restricted the use of these gifts to the operation, improvement, and maintenance of Tate Park. Both principal and investment income can be used for the restricted purposes.

VILLAGE OF CLINTON, MICHIGAN

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

March 31, 2005

	Debt Service	Major Street Fund	Local Street Fund	Community Center Fund	Fire Fund	Softball Program	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Receivables (net of allowance	\$ 151	\$ 79,723	\$ 746	\$ 48,310	\$ 15,396	\$ 1,147	\$ 145,473
allowance for uncollectibles): Property taxes Due from other governmental units Accrued interest Due from other funds		10,081 347 2,377	3,637	1,260			1,260 13,718 501 4,754
Prepaid expenses and other assets		126	125	1,763	6,604		8,618
Total assets	\$ 151	\$ 92,654	\$ 6,885	\$ 51,487	\$ 22,000	\$ 1,147	\$ 174,324
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable Accrued expenses Due to other funds	s	450	\$ 413 2,377	\$ 441	\$ 4,231	\$ 200	\$ 4,872 1,434 2,377
Total liabilities	1	450	2,790	1,012	4,231	200	8,683
FUND BALANCES							
Reserved for: Debt Service Unreserved, undesignated	151	92,204	4,095	50,475	17,769	947	151
Total fund balance	151	92,204	4,095	50,475	17,769	947	165,641
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 151	\$ 92,654	\$ 6,885	\$ 51,487	\$ 22,000	\$ 1,147	\$ 174,324

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended March 31, 2005

Major Local Community Debt Service Street Fund Center Fund	Property taxes \$ \$ 49,061 \$ Intergovernmental revenues: \$ 108,695 39,184 County revenue sharing	Interest. Licenses, fees and charges for services: Fee revenue Rentals Township contributions Miscellaneous	111,769 39,193 57,285	96,871 78,902	15,000 15,290		58,097	30.290 96.871 78.902 58.097
Fire Fund	sa sa	87 69,630 9,564	79,281			137,281		137,281
Softball <u>Program</u>	89	14,050	14,058				15,087	15,087
Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	\$ 49,061 147,879	2,058 14,050 7,470 69,630 9,564	301,586	175,773	15,000 15,290	137,281	15,087	416,528

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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DEBT SERVICE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budgete	d Amounts		Variance with
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Interest	<u>\$ 50</u>	<u>\$ 50</u>	\$	<u>\$ (50)</u>
Total revenues	50	50		(50)
Expenditures:				
Debt Service:	15.000	4.7.000		
Principal	15,000	15,000	15,000	
Interest	15,090	15,690	15,290	400
Total expenditures	30,090	30,690	30,290	400
Deficiency of revenues				
under expenditures	(30,640)	(30,640)	(30,290)	(350)
Other financing sources:				
Transfers in	30,640	30,640	30,290	350
Net change in fund balance	-	-	-	-
Fund balance – beginning				
of year			151	
Fund balance - end of year			\$ 151	

MAJOR STREET SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – $\tt BUDGET$ AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted		Variance with Final Budget -	
	Original	<u>Final</u>	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)
Revenues: Intergovernmental:				
State gas weight tax	\$ 85,000	\$ 85,000	\$ 108,695	\$ 23,695
County revenue sharing	1,000	1,000	1,874	874
Interest	100	100	1,200	1,100
Total revenues	86,100	86,100	111,769	25,669
Expenditures:			,	
Routine maintenance	70,420	70,420	62,531	7,889
Traffic service	6,590	6,590	3,919	2,671
Winter maintenance	9,940	9,940	13,317	(3,377)
Administrative	18,750	18,750	17,104	1,646
Total expenditures	105,700	105,700	96,871	8,829
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	(19,600)	(19,600)	14,898	34,498
Other financing uses: Transfers out	(20,000)	(20,000)	(20,000)	
Net change in fund balance	(39,600)	(39,600)	(5,102)	34,498
Fund balance – beginning of year			97,306	
Fund balance – end of year			\$ 92,204	

LOCAL STREET SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with
	Original	<u>Final</u>	Actual Amounts	Final Budget - <u>Positive (Negative)</u>
Revenues: Intergovernmental: State gas weight tax Interest	\$ 30,000	\$ 30,000	\$ 39,184	\$ 9,184 9
Total revenues	30,000	30,000	39,193	9,193
Expenditures: Routine maintenance Traffic service Winter maintenance Administrative Total expenditures Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	57,160 6,090 9,940 	57,160 6,090 9,940 18,750 91,940	45,255 3,374 13,169 17,104 78,902	11,905 2,716 (3,229) 1,646 13,038
Other financing sources: Transfers in	61,940	61,940	40,000	(21,940)
Net change in fund balance	-	-	291	291
Fund balance – beginning of year			3,804	
Fund balance – end of year			<u>\$ 4,095</u>	

COMMUNITY CENTER FUND SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with
	Original	<u>Final</u>	Actual Amounts	Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Revenues:	45.200	45.000	.	
Property taxes Miscellaneous	\$ 45,300 50	\$ 45,300 50	\$ 49,061	\$ 3,761
Rentals	6,800	6,800	7,470	(50) 670
Interest	500	500	7,470	254
Total revenues	52,650	52,650	57,285	4,635
Expenditures:				
Community Center expenses	58,130	59,630	58,097	1,533
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	(5,480)	(6,980)	(812)	6,168
Other financing sources:				
Transfers in				
Net change in fund balance	(5,480)	(6,980)	(812)	6,168
Fund balance – beginning of year			51,287	
Fund balance – end of year			\$ 50,475	

FIRE FUND SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with
	Original	<u>Final</u>	Actual Amounts	Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Revenues: Miscellaneous Township contributions Interest	\$ 100 71,645	\$ 100 71,645	\$ 9,564 69,630 87	\$ 9,464 (2,015) 87
Total revenues	71,745	71,745	79,281	7,536
Expenditures: Fire expenses	127,570	139,410	137,281	2,129
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(55,825)	(67,665)	(58,000)	9,665
Other financing sources: Transfers in	55,825	55,825	62,500	6,675
Net change in fund balance	-	(11,840)	4,500	16,340
Fund balance - beginning of year			13,269	
Fund balance – end of year			\$ 17,769	

SOFTBALL PROGRAM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with
	Original	<u>Final</u>	Actual Amounts	Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Rentals	\$ 400	\$ 400	\$	\$ (400)
Interest	10	10	8	(2)
Softball fees	21,340	21,340	14,050	(7,290)
Total revenues	21,750	21,750	14,058	(7,692)
Expenditures:				
Ŝoftball program expenses	21,970	21,970	15,087	6,883
Deficiency of revenues				
under expenditures	(220)	(220)	(1,029)	(809)
Other financing sources:				
Transfers in		-		
Net change in fund balance	(220)	(220)	(1,029)	(809)
Fund balance – beginning of year			1,976	
Fund balance end of year			\$ 947	